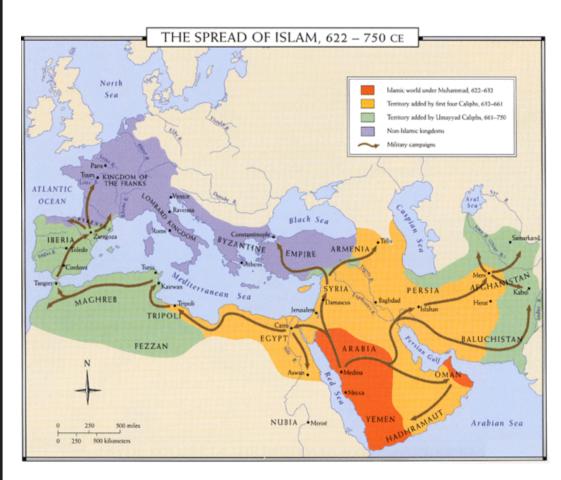
Cultural Diffusion



The spread of cultural beliefs and social activities from one group to another. The mixing of cultures increased with advanced trade, communication, transport, and technology

lmmigration



To enter and settle in a country or region to which one is not native

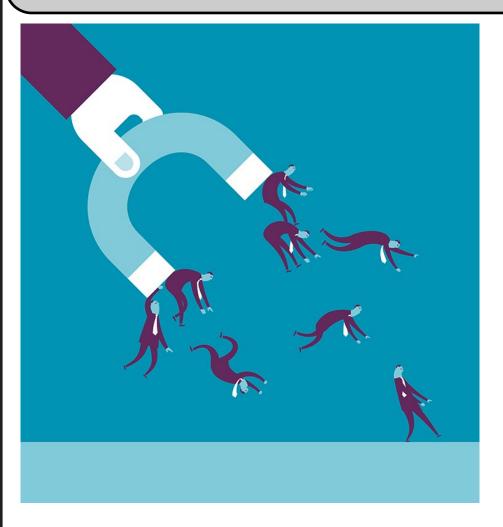
Human MigrationMovement by people over long distances from one place to another who stay in the new place.

Travel



To go from one place to a different place, usually far distances apart.

Influence



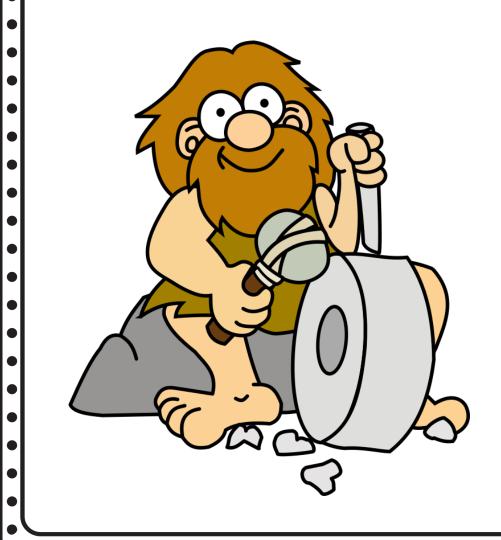
The power to cause changes without directly forcing them to happen. The impact when one thing comes in contact with another, making change.

Originated



The time, place, or situation that something comes from or started.

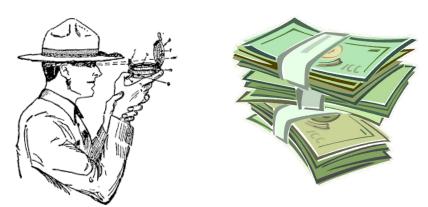
Invention



A new useful process, machine, improvement that did not exist previously.

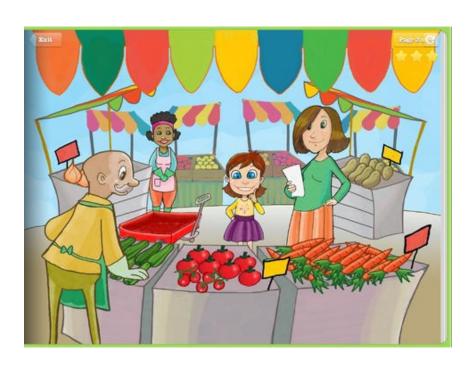
Chinese Invention





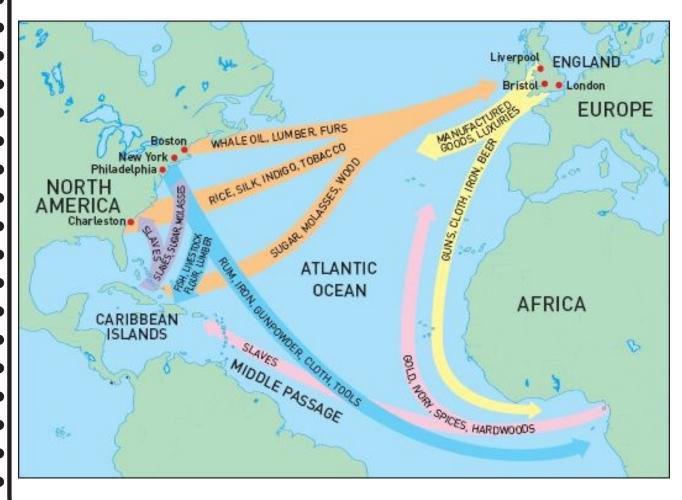
Ancient China's advanced science and technology had a huge impact on the entire world. Their developments improved communication, transportation, and economic development.

Trade



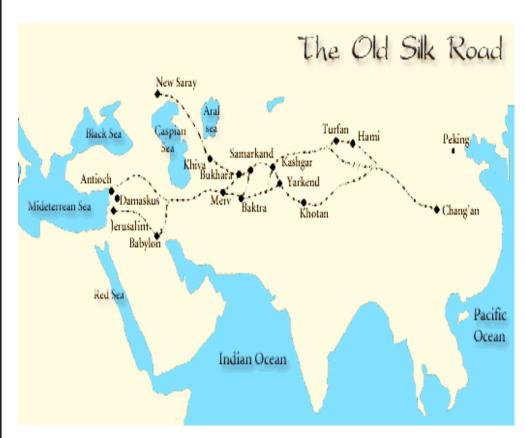
The action of buying, selling, or exchanging of goods and services.

Trade Routes



A network of paths either by sea or by land along which traders travel.

Silk Road

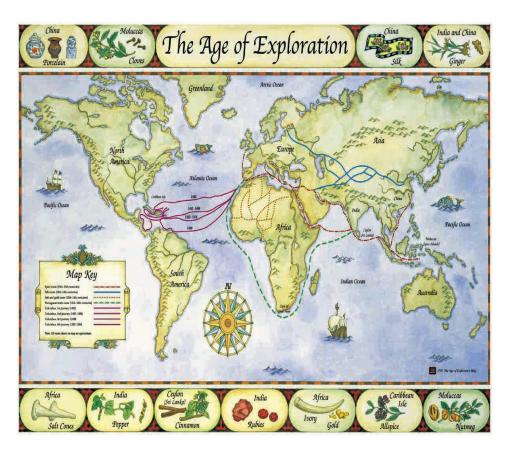


A group of trade routes



that stretched for more than 4,600 miles between the Mediterranean sea and East Asia, used from 200 BCE to 1500 CE

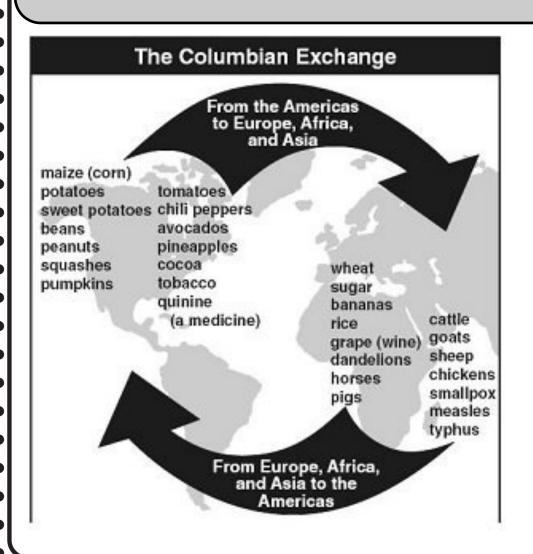
Age of Exploration



A period of time from

1400-1600CE in which Europeans traveled the rest of the world in search of goods, raw materials, and land.

Columbian Exchange



The movement of ideas, people, animals, and diseases between the old world and the new world during the 1500s and 1600s.

Positive Effect



When culture traits spread and the impact is good, useful, or helpful.

For example, the introduction of moveable type improved communication.

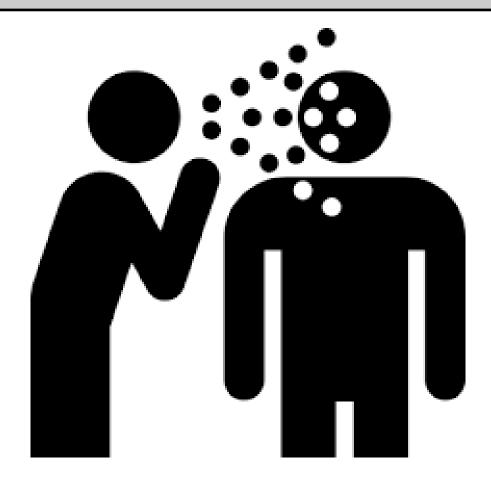
Negative Effect



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When culture traits spread and the impact is **not** good, useful, or helpful. For example, Europeans introduced small pox that killed 2/3 native American population

Diseases



An illness that harms a person, animal, or plant.

Globalization



The process by which regions, peoples, and economies of the world are becoming increasingly interconnected

Indigenous People



Originating and living or occurring naturally in an area or environment e.g., indigenous plants or the indigenous people of a country