


Texas and the Union

Emancipation Proclamation	Freedman's Bureau	Freedman	Juneteenth
<p>President Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation on January 1, 1863. This proclamation Freed all slaves in the Confederate states.</p>	<p>The Bureau was created to help former slaves face the challenges that came with freedom; such as: provided food, shelter, and medicine.</p>	<p>Freedman- is a person who has been freed from slavery.</p>	<p>June 19, called Juneteenth, had been celebrated in Texas since 1865 as a day of Freedom among African Americans.</p>
13 th Amendment	Andrew Johnson	Black Codes	Radical Republicans
<p>The 13th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution declared that " Neither Slave nor Involuntary Servitude... shall exist within the United States."</p> 	<p>After Lincoln was assassinated Vice-President Andrew Johnson became President. Johnson was a Democrat who has supported the Union and Slavery.</p>	<p>The First legislature of Texas enacted "Black Codes". These codes assigned African Americans to second-class Status. Marriage between African Americans and Whites was outlawed.</p>	<p>The Radical Republicans did not trust Texans/ the south to fairly deal with African Americans. They believed that Congress should direct reconstruction.</p>

14 th Amendment	Edmund J. Davis page 331	Replace 15 th Amendment w/ 5 th Military District page 329	Presidential Plan page 356
The 14 th amendment to the Constitution was ratified on July 9, 1868, and granted citizenship to “all persons born or naturalized in the U.S.”	A Radical Republican elected as Governor of Texas in 1869. Many Texans claimed that the army unfairly made sure that Davis won.	Radical Republican placed the 5 th Military district, with was commanded by General Charles Griffin. He removed the Governor from office and replaced him with Governor Peace. They helped all Texans to vote including African Americans.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Abolish Slavery * Cancel war debts * Require loyalty oath to the Union
Congressional plan page 356	Replace President Grant with Richard Coke page 334	Constitution of 1876 page 335	Martial Law page 333
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Sent Northern troops to Texas to help establish laws. * Adopted Constitution of 1869 * Give African Americans the Vote * Repeal the Black Codes 	End of Reconstruction: Democrat won the election, and repealed most of the laws radical republicans enacted.	This changed the legislature to meet only every other year, and adopted railroad grants.	Martial law- rule by an army instead of usual civil authorities